National Parks: Taking Leadership on Nature Recovery

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The English National Parks are leaders in nature recovery and are in a strong position to deliver Government targets. National Park Authorities deliver successful nature recovery and has a track record of working in partnership with a wide range of stakeholders. With the core funding to National Park Authorities decreasing by 40% in real terms since 2010 the authorities have had to be proactive in seeking funding from other sources.

This selection of case studies showcases the varied range of projects that National Park Authorities can deliver as part of wider partnerships and utilising a diversity of financial sources. These case studies demonstrate how nature, climate, people and the landscape are at the heart of the work of the National Park authorities. These projects are ongoing, some are well established and others still in the development stage.



Revere Windermere Water Quality Finance Model

Strategic riparian woodland planting and wetland creation that can be integrated into existing farm systems.

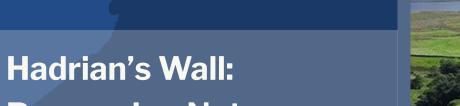


Photo credit: NNPA



C4

Photo credit: NYMNPA



Ryevitalise Landscape Partnership

Restoring the western River Rye catchment by enhancing in-river features; delivering natural flood risk management measures; creating and restoring habitat from

Photo credit: John Hodgson, LDNPA



Tees-Swale: Naturally Connected

Working across Upper Swaledale and Upper Teesdale, encompassing part of the North Pennines National Landscape, to collaborate with farmers and landowners.

The project has already restored or enhanced 92 ha of woodland; 150 ha of species-rich grassland and hay meadows; 74 ha of rush management, 116 scrapes and 5400m of hedgerows have been planted. Interventions include: restoring blanket bog; creating on-farm wetlands; rush management; instream/riparian works and vegetation and grassland planted across highly metal-contaminated ore processing wastes to reduce metals being washed out by rain and increase biodiversity. Funded by The National Lottery Heritage Fund.

Phase 1 feasibility model supported by Esteé Lauder Companies which delivered proof of concept; Phase 2 design was supported by Santander Bank for ground-truthing the model, widening stakeholder engagement with investors, buyers and land managers to prepare for investment readiness, as well as developing the commercial model for future implementation.

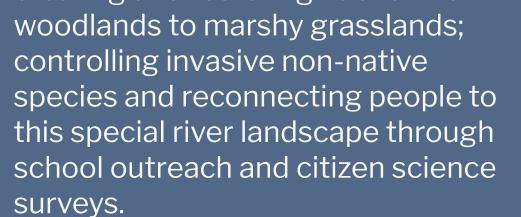
Recovering Nature Restoring natural processes, enhancing and expanding wetland habitats and sequestering more carbon.

Funded by Landscape Recovery (one of Defra's Environmental Land Management schemes) and the Reece Foundation.

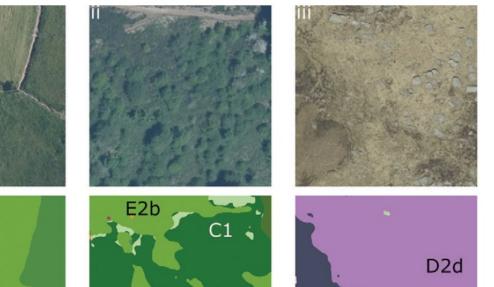
Northumberland National Park

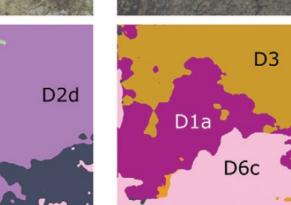
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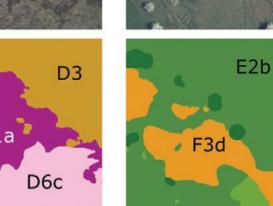




Made possible with The National Lottery Heritage Fund and partners.







D1a Upland heath Key: D2d Upland grass moor C1 Broadleaved high forest D3 Bracken C4a Scrub

E2a Improved pasture E2b Rough pasture F3a Modified / active peat bog D6c Upland heath grass moor mosaic 🥚 F3d Wet grassland rush pasture

van der Plas, T.L.; Geikie, S.T.; Alexander, D.G.; Simms, D.M. Multi-Stage Semantic Segmentatior **Duantifies Fragmentation of Small Habitats at a** Landscape Scale. Remote Sens. 2023,15, 5277 ttps://doi.org/10.3390/rs15225277

Using AI to analyse landscape change

Using high-resolution aerial photography and artificial intelligence methods to survey habitats and land cover with a high accuracy and across large areas. This has the potential to provide a repeatable, fast and economical method for monitoring landscape change.

Made possible with funding from Biotechnology and Biological Science Research Council and The Alan Turing Institute.





Sowing the Seeds

Using a brush harvester to collect seed from donor meadows; drying and preparing the seed to distribute to recipient meadows; cultivating and planting plug plants as well as offering specialist advice to meadow owners. Funded by Farming in Protected Landscapes (one of Defra's Environmental Land Management schemes) and donations through CareMoor.

Dartmoor Headwaters Project

Working across 7 priority catchments and using a whole catchment approach to provide clean air; water quality; flood and drought resilience; thriving wildlife; adaptation to climate change; enhanced beauty and heritage; and engagement with the natural world.

At one site interventions included trialling 5 different types of leaky dams to slow the flow, as well as tree planting in gullies. Other interventions include: improving soil condition; floodplain reconnection; river restoration; peatland restoration; wetland restoration; valley mire restoration and water storage ponds.

Funded by the Environment Agency's Natural Flood Management Programme

EXMOOR NATIONAL PARK

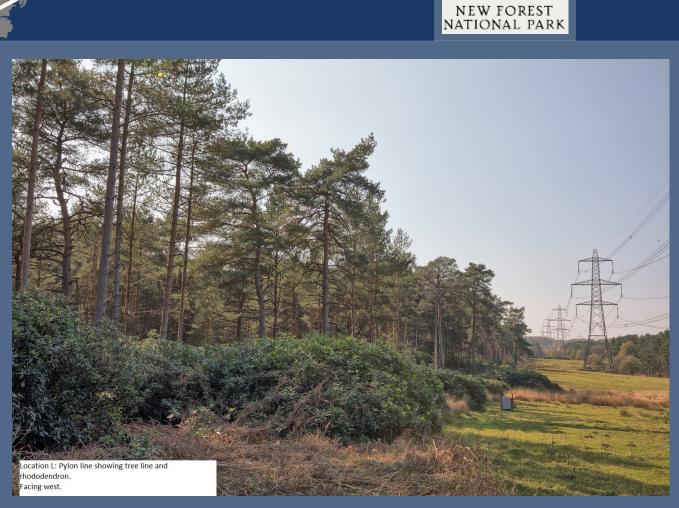


Photo credit: Matthew Pringle, RSPB

Restoration and Enhancement of Franchises Lodge

Credits: Esri, Michael Bauer Research GmbH 2023, Office

for National Statistics (ONS)/ UK Statistics Authority, Scottish Government, SUTH DC NS Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency, NATIONAL PARK Eurostat

ReNaturing in Buriton

Low cost actions to improve conditions for pollinators by allowing grass margins to grow long and sowing yellow rattle. Funded by the South Downs Trust.



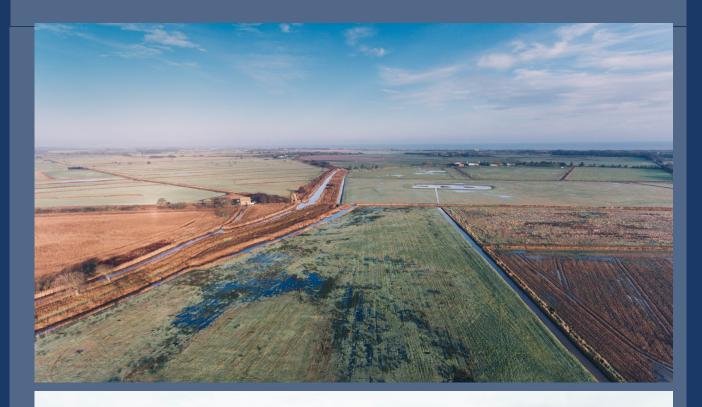
Other

67,477 ha

Fibre Broads

Testing novel propagation and wetland crop systems whilst monitoring the success.

Funded by Nature for Climate Paludiculture Exploration Fund (Defra and NE).





and Devon County Council



Partners: These projects would not happen without the support of the following partner organisations.

Yorkshire Water, The Wildlife Trusts, Derwent Catchment Partnership, Howardian Hills National Landscape, North Yorkshire Council, English Heritage, Forestry England, Woodland Trust, Natural England, National Trust, Environment Agency, Durham University, Community First Yorkshire, Butterfly Conservation, Northumberland County Council, Tyne Rivers Trust, Historic England, North Pennines National Landscape, Lake District Foundation, South Cumbria Rivers Trust, National Farmers' Union, Westmorland and Furness Council, United Utility, Cumbria Enterprise Partnership, Severn Trent, RSPB, South Pennines Park, Heather Trust, Ethical Finance Sector, British Mountaineering Council, Farming and Wildlife Advisory Group SouthWest, South West Water, Devon County Council, The Alan Turing Institute, Cranfield University and **Buriton Parish Council.**

Removal of invasive species; preventing a wet heath and bog from drying out; unearthing an ancient Bronze Age site; tree planting; improving access and stream enhancements. Funded by the National Grid Landscape Enhancement Initiative.

Sources:

The information on this poster was either obtained from the National Park Authority staff directly or through their websites.

https://www.northumberlandnationalpark.org.uk/groundbreaking-hadrians-wall-recovering-nature-project-<u>unveiled-in-northumberland-national-park/</u>

<u>https://www.lakedistrict.gov.uk/aboutus/media-centre/latest-news/news-releases/new-partnership-aims-to</u> -boost-the-beauty-of-windermere

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Photo credit: Doug Jones

Collectively, including

projects not managed by

National Park Authorities,

portfolio of projects that

of these habitat types.

However, the funding and

targets are currently not

available.

resources to achieve these

English National Parks have a

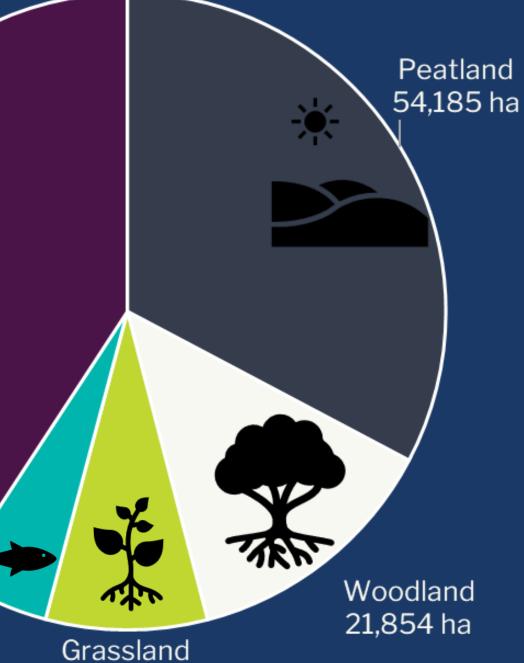
have the potential to achieve

the creation and restoration

of this many hectares in each

Before and after photos. Photo credit: The Broads Authority

Nature Recovery Target Habitats



13,566 ha

Freshwater/

8,415 ha